

SLAUGHTER NOW IS SOLE OBJECT OF COMBATANTS ON WEST FRONT

Other Objectives Are Lost Sight of In Changed Conditions and Maximum Injury With Minimum of Loss Is Mutual Purpose

WEARIED FIGHTERS FIND LULL WELCOME

Indications Point To Further Retreat of Teutons Who Seem To Be Laying Waste the Country On Eve of Departure

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—General March, chief of staff, in his weekly conference at the war department yesterday with the representatives of the press, said that the sole object of the Allies and the Germans in the Soissons salient now is to kill as many men as possible. There is no strategy left in the operations and the only objective of each of the opposing forces is to find the enemy and destroy him.

Whatever objectives each side may have had at the beginning of the battle has been submerged in the developments in the fighting.

The salient has been greatly flattened. The German withdrawal since last Saturday has reduced the length of the line by another ten miles leaving it now fifty-four miles. The maximum German retreat in the center has been fourteen miles.

ALLIES' ARTILLERY THUNDERS LOUDEST

NEW YORK, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Whether because of the absolute weariness of the fighters, the increased resistance being offered by the Germans, or the decreased efforts of the Allies, the great battle along the arc of the Soissons salient has drifted into a lull, with the only activity that of the Allies' artillery and the lesser artillery response of the Germans.

Retreat Indicated

There is increasing indication, however, that the Germans have little hope of being able to hold their present positions when the Allies' offensive is resumed and throughout the section of the salient remaining in German hands there are great fires indicating that the Hun is at his work of destruction before he makes a further retirement. The Allies expect to find only smoking ruins, destroyed orchards and ruined crops when they move forward again.

General de Goutte, the French commandant along the front held by the Americans, told correspondents yesterday that he was very satisfied with the progress that had been made, so far and expressed the hope that the Franco-American forces would be able to add still more to their victory and force the Germans back from the new line they have taken up.

Lull After Storm

Yesterday's lull had been preceded by some heavy fighting on Tuesday, in which a number of German counterattacks were repulsed and a series of small gains made by the Americans, French and British, gains that had generally improved the Allies' line.

General Pershing, in his official communique dealing with the Tuesday fighting stated that the enemy had been repulsed at a number of points and that the Americans, following severe fighting, had improved their positions.

These assaults were made against the Sommes along the Gorge-Serres front, where the line runs just east of Neale and where the Americans are close to one of the German main points of defense in the Neale woods. On Tuesday night and into yesterday morning the German efforts to drive the Americans back at this point were maintained, with the Americans advancing after each German counterattack and creeping yard by yard closer to Neale Wood. The German line is gradually giving way here and also to both right and left.

Ambush Hunt

During Tuesday night the Americans prepared an ambush for the enemy before Serres, pretending to retire from a part of that town. The Germans advanced, observing what they supposed to be the evacuation of the place, and the Americans continued to draw back through the center of the town, leading the Germans on. When the enemy forces were well in the town, two companies of Americans who had been hidden each on one side closed in on the Germans and enveloped them, killing or capturing every man.

Paris reports that the Americans are holding their new gains in this section and that the French have occupied new positions east of Oulchy to Chateau.

BOLESHINIST RULE IS DRAWING TO END

Chaotic Conditions Worse in Russia and in Ukraine Where Germans Are Slain

LONDON, July 31.—(Associated Press)—Terrorism in Russia is on the increase with even the semblance of a government overthrown while in the Ukraine the anti-Tsuten sentiment is growing steadily and has reached the stage of assassination of German military officers which may be expected to bring German demands for redress or to occasion reprisals.

In Kiev, the Ukrainian capital, Field Marshal von Eberhard, the commander of the German forces in the Ukraine against which the peasants have risen and armed themselves and with which they have had several bloody conflicts, and Captain von Dressler, his adjutant were both killed on Tuesday by the explosion of a bomb which was buried at them. This news was received in Amsterdam and later was officially confirmed by the Ukrainian government at Kiev. The assassin was quickly captured. He is a young man, twenty-three years of age, and says that he acted upon orders of the committee of Byson, adjacent to Moscow, thus involving Russia in the plot which he successfully culminated.

Approaching end of the Bolshevik or soviet government is told in despatches to the Times from its Copenhagen correspondent. He says the information which reaches him is that the Bolshevik leaders have about reached the end of their tether. The workers and peasants have already armed and are rising up against the tyranny of Bolshevik rule.

KAISER REVIEWS GREAT VICTORIES

Official Reports Claim Continued Successes By Teutons in Battles in France

AMSTERDAM, August 1.—(Associated Press)—In a proclamation issued by the Kaiser to the German troops he reviews the "victories that have been won by the hard steel of the sword and putting our trust in our God". He said that now came the hardest struggle in defense of the fatherland but expressed his unbounded confidence that victory would come to the German arms.

Official German reports, as received here yesterday and last night continue to put forth claims of victory in connection to the reports that come from the headquarters of the Allies: Last night's official report said:

"The battlefront where the Crown Prince's army has been fighting was quiet today and there is little to report in activities in other sectors in France and Belgium."

In the past few days we have taken 4000 prisoners and since July 15 we have captured 24,000. Yesterday fifteen Allied airplanes were downed.

"The Allies have been everywhere repulsed in the Rheims-Soissons salient."

The report admits that the British have captured Merria.

HAWAII LAND VISIT WILL LAST A MONTH

Governor Expects To Inspect All Public Land On Big Island Soon

From three to four weeks will be spent by Governor C. J. McCarthy in inspecting the public lands of the Island of Hawaii, where he intends to go as soon as the members of his office and his own efforts have gotten the annual report of the Territory into proper form for submission to Washington officials.

He hopes to be able to leave for the Big Island in the next two or three weeks in order to avoid wet weather as much as possible. His plans are to inspect all the public lands of the Island, a task which will take all the time he has allotted for it, it is estimated, because of the great amount of maula land which will have to be visited.

As on his Kauai trip, he says he expects to have very little time for talking or meeting the people of Hawaii, as the purpose of his trip is to become familiar with the public lands of the Big Island, so he can make fairly reliable decisions whenever some problem concerning them arises.

Governor McCarthy said yesterday that he believed the homesteading movement was now under good headway and that there would be little delay from now on in getting the land taken up by a good class of homesteaders.

Assistant Attorney General Harry Irwin is completing the details of the contract which will be entered into by the homesteaders and the plantations for the marketing of cane raised on the public lands which are portioned out to homesteaders. He says that in general form it will be similar to the one now in use between plantations and other homesteaders.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—The American Red Cross representatives with the Italian Third Army cable in their report that the American combatant troops from France now reaching Italy are in excellent condition and splendid spirits.

United States War Expenses Are More Than Britain's

Comparison of Treasury Department Figures With British Financial Statement Shows America Is Better Able To Pay

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—The treasury department yesterday announced new loans to Allies as follows: to France, \$100,000,000; to Belgium, \$50,000,000, and to Serbia, \$3,000,000. These bring the total to date of loans to allied governments to \$6,000,000,000.

The Allies are now getting ten million dollars daily from the United States.

A comparison of the treasury department reports with the newly issued British financial statement shows that the American war expenses are now fifty percent higher than those of Great Britain. The individual burden of taxation in the United States, however, is only half that of the British.

The monthly cost of the war to the United States is about one and a half billion dollars, while the monthly British war bill is about one billion. The United States war debt is a little less than \$12,000,000,000 as compared to the British war debt of \$30,000,000,000.

Before the war both nations collected about the same amount in taxes yearly, approximately a billion dollars. Now Great Britain collects \$2,000,000,000 and the United States about \$4,000,000,000, but the population of the United States is double that of Great Britain.

ALLIES HOLD THEIR OWN ON ALL FRONTS

British Losses For July Less Than Half As Heavy As Those In Previous Month

NEW YORK, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Activities other than those in the Soissons-Rheims salient are reported in the night despatches of Paris and London.

The French report says that the Germans attempted raids between the Aisne and Montdidier but were repulsed.

The London official despatches said that there was heavy artillery duelling southwest of Albert and east of Soissons.

British casualties for July were less than half as many as in the previous month numbering 67,591, as compared with 141,117 in June. Since March 21 of this year the British have taken 14,000 prisoners, Ian MacPherson, parliamentary secretary, informed the house of commons today.

INTERESTS KNOCKING THE TOURIST TRAFFIC, SAYS EMIL BERNDT

Emil Berndt, chairman of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, is of the belief that certain interests in the Territory are blocking tourist traffic to Hawaii, according to a statement he made yesterday. Mr. Berndt defined these "certain interests" as all those persons who are not in favor of making Hawaii a tourist resort. He refused to specify more closely.

Mr. Berndt contends that these interests have given out the information that passenger traffic between the islands and the mainland is so congested that it is impossible for persons to leave Honolulu if they wish and that all the coastbound steamers are booked to capacity for the next six months. These conditions are not so, according to Mr. Berndt, who cites instances where the promotion committee has assisted hundreds of persons to leave here. The Toyo Kaisha Kaisha Co. and the Canadian Australasian Steamship Co. have been able in the past to take care of all intending passengers en route to the Coast and are still able to do so, he said.

Mr. Berndt further believes that if the business interests here would exert their influence with the shipping board, some of the steamers which are being built could be put in the Hawaiian service.

Advertising Hawaii as a health resort for wounded and convalescent soldiers and a resting place for tired businessmen will be the policy of the promotion committee during the period of the war. Mr. Berndt believes that if the latter class of tourists were attracted here it would result in the saving of much cost, as the fuel which would be used by them during the winter months could be put to better purposes.

BADGE TO BE ISSUED TO ALL NON-SLACKERS

NON-SLACKER badges are to be issued to men honorably discharged from the military and naval forces since April 9 of last year.

Draft selectees exempted for physical inability to serve with the colors in any capacity, at home or abroad, all so will be authorized to wear the non-slacker badges, according to information that has emanated from the war department.

There probably will be a heavy penalty imposed upon any man wearing the badge when not entitled to do so.

BRITAIN RATIFIES MILITARY TREATY

Under Terms Slackers Will Find It Difficult To Avoid Service For War

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—The ratification of the military service treaty between the United States, Great Britain and Canada was secured yesterday in London, the state department formally announced last night, and terms of the treaty to become effective immediately.

The treaty provides for the immediate enlistment and enrollment of the return to one's own country of all men who are given within which must be done, at the end of which, if the enrollment is not completed, the British or Canadian subject becomes subject to the military service laws of the country which he is residing.

It is estimated that there are 34,000 Americans of draft age in the British Empire and 36,000 in the Dominion of Canada and 250,000 British subjects and 60,000 Canadians in the United States of military age.

Will Confer Upon Exchanging Captives

LONDON, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Favorable replies have been sent to the United States by the German government to the invitation to attend a conference the purpose of which is to arrange for an exchange of military and civilian prisoners, it is reported in an exchange telegram.

Details of the conference still have to be arranged.

SPENT MANY MILLIONS BUT OBTAINED LITTLE

NEW YORK, August 1.—(Official)—George Sylvester Viereck, alleged pro German publicist, editor of "America," formerly The Fatherland, testified in a federal inquiry into the use of German money for propaganda purposes that the German government had spent from thirty to fifty million dollars in the United States on its propaganda work "and got nothing for it."

RECRUITING FOR NAVY WAS NEVER BRISKER

DUBLIN, July 19.—(Associated Press)—Lieutenant Perry, Director of Naval Recruiting in Ireland, declares that recruiting for the British Navy was never more brisk in Ireland than it is at present. There are Irishmen in every department from the Admiralty down, and the recruiters in the towns and villages throughout Ireland are always warmly welcomed.

Dublin has just given a cordial send off to a number of recruits of the Trawler section of the Royal Naval Reserve. This branch appeals particularly to Irish fisher boys who have experienced in the past few months around the Irish coast the cruelty with which the German submarine campaign is conducted.

The recruits paraded the streets of Dublin accompanied by bluejackets and marines and the band of the Berkshire Regiment. Among the inscriptions on the banners in the procession were:

"The Germans are sinking Irish ships and murdering Irishmen. Join us and avenge these crimes."

"We are Beatty's boys, brother Irishmen, come along."

DICE ARE BARRED IN SOUTHERN CAMPS

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—(Associated Press)—A Red Cross ban has been placed on dice so far as their distribution in the four army cantonments in the Gulf Division of the Red Cross is concerned.

A call for games issued throughout the division recently, brought to Red Cross headquarters here not only cards, dominoes, checker and chess boards but a complete assortment of dice.

Now there has gone forth from Red Cross headquarters a request to the public not to contribute dice as the Red Cross does not favor the playing of games to which they usually are devoted.

On account of the changes which have been made in the homestead agreement, 471 applications for lots in the Pa-ealoa homestead section, Hawaii, will have to be returned for new signatures. One of the changes to which the prospective homesteader has to now agree is to reside on the land for three years instead of five before he receives his patent. The homesteader or also must begin his residence on the homestead within ninety days after drawing the land. The Pa-ealoa tract is to be opened on September 23.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by THE LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

PLANS TO ACT IN SIBERIA PROGRESS

Further Information Sent From Washington To Tokio—Acceptance Is Looked For

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Further information concerning the proposals of the United States for the aiding of the Czechoslovak forces in Siberia to bring order out of chaos in Siberia are now being forwarded by the state department to the United States ambassador at Tokio and by him, presented to the Japanese government. That government must now decide whether the proposals are sufficiently concrete in form to warrant action.

Anticipating Japan's acceptance of the proposals as now explained, France and Great Britain are preparing their military contingents for movement.

Any staff in Tokio and Peking are already making the necessary preparations to put into effect a joint action in Siberia. It was reported from Paris yesterday. The Chinese ambassador to France said that China had no desire to encroach upon international affairs so far as they concern Russia and Siberia, but stood ready to participate equally with the other nations in warding off the threatening danger of German control.

Further success of the Czechoslovak forces are reported in Moscow despatches which say they have captured a bridge over the Volga in the district, thus cutting them off from communication between the Volga district and Siberia.

YOUR OPPOSITION GOVERNMENTS FORM

TOKIO, July 31.—(Special to Nippu Jiji)—A new government has been organized in Goulkova, Siberia, known as the Harbin province. The government was organized by the former president of the Eastern Chinese Railway. There are now about four such governments in Siberia all under separate control.

It is reported that this newly established regime is becoming stronger every day and its opponents weakening. It is further reported that the new government will unite with the government at Vladivostok and fight the Bolsheviks in Siberia.

OFFICERS FALL WHILE PERFORMING DUTIES

WASHINGTON, July 31.—(Associated Press)—Casualties in the army and marine corps so far as officially reported today showed:

Army: Thirty-six killed, forty died of wounds, twelve of other causes, eighty-two wounded, twenty-four missing.

Among the officers killed are Capt. Shelby Lefford, Lieut. Eldon Brewster, William Cooper, John Hasel, Thomas Hopkins, Richard Moody, Thurston Woods, Thomas Young. Officers who died of wounds are Capt. John Basso, Lieut. Damong Gray, John Morrison, Paul Strickland. Those who died of other causes are Lieut. Paul Clifford and Warren Harris.

Marine casualties: Killed in action, four; died of wounds, two; wounded, twelve.

STEEL CORPORATION GIVES WAGE INCREASE

NEW YORK, August 1.—(Official)—The United States Steel Corporation yesterday announced wage increases approximating ten percent which had been granted the laborers in the corporation's manufacturing plants.

This is the seventh wage increase this company has granted since 1916, making the aggregate wage increase about twenty percent to its 300,000 men.

The same corporation announced that for the second quarter of 1918 the company's total earnings have been \$62,557,391, after setting aside \$90,716,250 for federal income and war taxes.

DATE IS ANNOUNCED FOR LOAN CAMPAIGN

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Associated Press)—September 28 has been determined upon for the opening of the campaign for the fourth Liberty Loan and the close will come October 19, a short sharp, three weeks' canvass. This announcement is made by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

He said the amount of the loan will probably be six billions of dollars.

GERMANS ARE KILLED IN RAILROAD WRECK

LONDON, July 31.—(Associated Press)—In a collision of trains resulting in a gas explosion, thirty Germans were killed between Scheidegg and Landsburg, Germany.

EXPECTS NEW ENERGY WITH HIGHER WAGES

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—Director General of Railroads McAdoo, in announcing the details of the wage increases, affecting more than half a million shippers, said that the Nation expected new energy from the workers in return for the pay increases and improvement of the working conditions and that strikes and other labor disturbances must be eliminated during the war.

CONTROL OF WIRES IS IN GOVERNMENT

Radio, Telegraph and Telephone Under Jurisdiction of Postmaster General

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Control of radio, telephone and telegraph lines, with the exception of the ocean cables, passed into the hands of Postmaster General Burleson at midnight. He made it understood, however, that the companies were to continue, until further instructions are issued, along the same course they would ordinarily pursue, accepting business as if no change in control had been made.

HONOLULU RECEIVES NO ORDER TO CHANGE

No word to take over the telephone systems in Hawaii has reached Postmaster MacAdoo, who would be the logical one to receive such instructions if it were the intention of the President to enforce in Hawaii the powers recently granted him by congress to take over for the government the telegraph and telephone lines.

"I have received no word in the matter whatever," said Mr. MacAdoo last night, "nor do I expect any, for that matter."

There was a rumor in town yesterday that action regarding the local telephone system might be expected today and that Mr. MacAdoo would take over the system. No instructions, however, had been received here regarding this up to last night.

The commanding of the telegraph and telephone lines is to protect the government's war interests, to prevent strikes that might tie up the systems and to give the government business the priority it requires. If there is need for such action in Hawaii it is not apparent on the surface.

CHANCES OF SAVING STEAMER ARE SMALL

Passengers and Officers of Canada Maru Safe In Port

CANADIAN PACIFIC PORT, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Officers and passengers of the Canada Maru have arrived here. There was no loss of life resulting from the grounding of the vessel or in the transfer of passengers and officers and, crew to the rescue vessel.

Little hope for the saving of vessel or cargo is held out. It is thought the chance of floating the ship is small. It has been impossible to reach her for salvage work and the belief prevails that she will be pounded to pieces. She has a cargo valued at \$4,000,000.

A dense fog accompanied by unusually strong currents are attributed to be the cause of the accident.

WOMAN WAR "WORKER" RUNS AFOUL OF LAW

NEW YORK, August 1.—(Associated Press)—Those who indulge in activities in behalf of war charities or as necessities must live up to their promises and to the statements of what they are accomplishing. A woman is the latest to learn this and her activities are ended for the period of the war.

Miss Ethel Langdon Drake has been ordered by the district attorney to turn over to the ambassador for France \$14,000 which she collected ostensibly for equipping ambulance units.

It is charged that Miss Drake, in securing contributions, advertised that she had sent twenty-five units to France when in reality she had sent none.

RESERVISTS CALLED TO ACTIVE SEA SERVICE

WASHINGTON, July 31.—(Associated Press)—The department of the navy today called for thousands of reservists to go into active service on duty with ships constructed under the shipping board and the navy building programs.

PARACHUTES DOWN FROM HIS PLANE TO SAFETY

AMERICAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 31.—(Associated Press)—An unusual feat was accomplished today when Captain Sarret, a French aviator, dropped in a parachute from an airplane 800 yards from the ground and landed safely in three minutes.

REVOLUTIONISTS WOULD ADOPT MILITARY LAWS

TOKIO, July 31.—(Special to Nippu Jiji)—Canton, China, has decided to adopt the military law of the United States. Negotiations have been opened between the Canton government and that of the United States concerning the matter.

TOBACCO STOCKS ARE NOT HEAVILY DEPLETED

WASHINGTON, August 1.—(Official)—The bureau of the census has announced figures showing that there was 220,000 pounds more tobacco on hand in the United States on July 1 than on the same date previous to the war. The aggregate stock of leaf tobacco amount to 1,388,619,000 pounds.

LAIS-DOWNE IS SEEKING BASIS TO OPEN PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

Will Ask British Government To Outline Demands Which Will Permit of Discussion Which May End Hostilities

MARQUIS ONLY BRITISH PACIFIST STATESMAN

Considers Former Expressions Obsolete—Wilson Beautiful Painter of Golden Age But Not Sufficiently Specific

LONDON, August 1.—(Associated Press)—In an open letter which he gave to the press yesterday, the Marquis of Lansdowne, the only British statesman who is listed at home and abroad as a pacifist, formerly minister without a portfolio in the British cabinet in which he said that next week he would move for a new declaration of peace aims from Great Britain, at the same time expressing the resolve that the peace must be an honorable one and fighting must proceed until such a peace was obtainable.

In this letter the Marquis of Lansdowne says: "I am convinced that there is the deepest desire on further explanations as to the conditions upon which we are prepared, not to make peace, but to open a discussion that might lead to peace."

The desire for peace, he said, was growing in the enemy countries and at the same time it was a question whether the purposes of the Allies, as they now exist, had been made understood. He will at the same time reaffirm the resolve not to desist from the conflict until an honorable peace can be secured.

IMMENSE LOSSES

In explaining the growing desire for peace, which he said existed with the Allies as well as with the Central Powers, he referred to the casualties in the war having been 30,000,000 of whom 7,200,000 had been killed and more than 6,000,000 were prisoners or missing.

"Sooner than accept a dishonorable peace," he continued, "we are ready to fight on to the end."

"Our statesmen bid us congratulate ourselves that we have unmistakably defined the terms upon which we are prepared to make peace. Has it been unmistakable? There has been the temptation to use vague language and to slide over awkward questions. The earlier versions of the Allies' terms have become obsolete. The people are asking if the utterances of Lloyd George in his speech of January 5 last still stand and if there can be no conversation with the enemy until these are accepted."

WILSON NOT CLEAR

Reverting to the Fourth of July speech of President Wilson he indicated an opinion that such speech dwelt more in generalities than actualities, that it was remarkable for what it omits as well as for what it contains.

"It is a splendid picture by a great master," he said, "of a golden age to come after the war but it does not seem to provide a basis for preliminary discussion. It is not an outline of peace terms but a nobly worked out description of things for which the people of the world are fighting."

Commenting on the letter in the house of commons Foreign Minister Balfour said that no enemy government had recently approached the Allies in reference to peace negotiations.

Are You Going on a Journey?

Cholera, Typhoid, Colds and Diarrhoea Remedy should be packed in your hand luggage when going on a journey. Change of water, diet and temperature all tend to produce bowel trouble, and this medicine cannot be secured on board the train or steamship. It may save much suffering and inconvenience if you have it handy. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co.—Adv.